March 31, 2022

Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2022

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To the municipal parties of Valley Waste Resource Management Authority:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Valley Waste Resource Management Authority (the "Authority"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, remeasurement gains and losses changes in net financial debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as at March 31, 2022, and the results of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Authority in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Authority or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Authority's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

MNP LLP

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As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based
 on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that
 may cast significant doubt on the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a
 material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related
 disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our
 conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future
 events or conditions may cause the Authority to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Sydney, Nova Scotia July 27, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants



Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of the Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority (the "Authority") are the responsibility of the Authority's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. A summary of the significant accounting policies is described in Note 2 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Authority's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The audit committee meets with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by MNP LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Authority. The accompanying Independent Auditors' Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Authority's financial statements.

Andrew Work General Manager

Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2022

	2022		2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS			4
Cash and cash equivalents – operating fund \$	1,510,209	\$	351,353
Cash and cash equivalents – operating fund –	, ,		
restricted (note 3)	·		1,123,105
Cash and cash equivalents – equipment reserve fund	90,304		18,444
Accounts receivable (note 4)	528,417		2,258,135
Portfolio investments – capital reserve fund (note 5)	2,132,252		1,804,275
	4,261,182		5,555,312
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
Bank indebtedness (note 6)	684.877		18,472
Trade payables	1,526,035		1,036,014
Accrued liabilities	152,910		324,009
Accrued employee liabilities	211,584		133,086
Term financing (note 7)	1,596,226		1,934,253
Surplus payable to municipal parties (note 8)	188,829		2,149,815
	4,360,461		5,595,649
NET FINANCIAL DEBT	(99,279)		(40,337
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	•		
Tangible capital assets (note 9)	4,060,622		3,805,567
Prepaid expenses	9,866		14,528
Topard Oxponess	4,070,488		3,820,095
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS \$	3,971,209	\$	3,779,758
ACCOMOLATED CONT. LCC	0,07 1,200	Ψ	3,110,100
Comprised of:	2 005 270	æ	3,647,513
Accumulated surplus (note 20) \$	3,825,378	\$, ,
Accumulated remeasurement gains	145,831		132,245
. \$	3,971,209	\$	3,779,758

Contractual obligations and commitments (note 10) Subsequent event (note 18) Covid-19 (note 19)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority

Chairman

General Manager

Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For the year ended March 31, 2022

•		Budget		2022		2021
		(Unaudited)				
REVENUES						
Municipal contributions	\$	6,219,900	\$	6,219,900	\$	6,130,233
West management centre		380,880		493,693		442,930
East management centre		2,203,150		2,552,750		2,246,744
Investment income		20,100		13,909		23,998
Administration		666,760		484,739		683,765
Communications and enforcement		201,260		201,294		202,218
Divert NS approved programs		85,000		66,758		68,621
Wind turbine		45,000		42,662		37,512
Municipal service agreement		_		748,109		. –
		9,822,050		10,823,814		9,836,021
EXPENSES						
General administration		727,830		704,142	,	683,706
Fiscal services		131,940		85,074		88,651
West management centre		497,370		656,129		334,425
East management centre		1,144,460		1,323,099		1,158,339
Residential collection		2,367,480		2,422,068		2,131,261
Construction and demolition debris		. , ,				
processing		317,240		122,210		404,597
Recyclable processing and transportation		593,490		699,323		547,901
Organics processing and transportation		757,850		977,903		778,793
Residuals processing and transportation		1,782,650		2,327,937		1,832,586
Communications and enforcement	·	478,840		453,625		400,174
Wind turbine		15,500		12,784		21,610
Information technology		43,240		37,862		49,968
Household hazardous waste		155,550		180,855		227,554
Divert NS allocations		180,000		_		_
		9,193,440	-	10,003,011		8,659,565
Annual surplus before other items		628,610		820,803		1,176,456
		·				
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				(550.054)		/54 4 455
Amortization of tangible capital assets				(553,254)		(514,133)
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets				70,666		9,987
Gain on disposal of portfolio investments				28,479		1,413
Settlement recoveries				-		350,520
ANNUAL SURPLUS				366,694		1,024,243
ANNUAL CURRENCE DAVARIETO						
ANNUAL SURPLUS PAYABLE TO MUNICIPAL PARTIES				(188,829)		(1,026,710
ANNUAL SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR				3,647,513		3,649,980
				0,0-11,010		
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR			\$	3,825,378	\$	3,647,513

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	7 or the year ended maren en, 202.			
		2022		2021
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS,	\$	132,245	\$	33,968
BEGINNING OF YEAR	Φ	132,243	φ	33,900
Net remeasurements during the year				
Gains realized during the year, reclassified to the				
statement of operations		(28,479)		(1,413)
Changes in market value of portfolio investments				
traded in an active market		42,065		99,690
		13,586	,	98,277
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS,	, ,	445.004		400.045
END OF YEAR	\$	145,831	\$	132,245
Comprised of:				•
Market value of portfolio investments	\$	2,132,252	\$	1,804,275
Cost of portfolio investments	Ψ	(1,986,421)	Ψ	(1,672,030)
Coot of portions introduction		(.,, :-!)		(.,=. =,==)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	145,831	\$	132,245
				1

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority Statement of Changes in Net Financial Debt For the year ended March 31, 2022

	80	2022	2021
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$	366,694	\$ 1,024,243
Annual surplus payable to municipal parties (note 8)		(188,829)	(1,026,710)
		177,865	(2,467)
Change in tangible capital assets	÷		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(808,309)	(12,821)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		553,254	514,133
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		(70,666)	(9,987)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets		70,666	9,987
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	-	(77,190)	498,845
Change in other non-financial assets			
Decrease in prepaid expenses		4,662	(13,221)
Net remeasurement gains, during the year		13,586	98,277
DECREASE (INCREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL DEBT DURING THE YEAR		(50.040)	
DUKING THE YEAK		(58,942)	583,901
NET FINANCIAL DEBT, BEGINNING OF YEAR		(40,337)	(624,238)
NET FINANCIAL DEBT, END OF YEAR	\$	(99,279)	\$ (40,337)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2022

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,
		2022	-	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Annual surplus	\$	366,694	\$	1,024,243
Items not involving cash				
Amortization of tangible capital assets		553,254		514,133
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		(70,666)		(9,987)
Gain on disposal of investments		(28,479)		(1,413)
Non-cash dividends received		(2,370)		
		818,855		1,526,976
Net change in non-cash working capital balances		0.400.000		(407.700)
related to operations (note 12)		2,132,222		(197,762)
Net cash generated from operations		2,950,655		1,329,214
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of term financing		(800,758)		(343,659)
Proceeds from term financing		462,731		135,932
Proceeds from bank indebtedness		666,405		18,472
Interest payable to municipal parties on restricted cash	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(14,658)		8,570
		313,720		(180,685)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of portfolio investments		(451,656)		(186,780)
Proceeds on disposal of portfolio investments		`309,272		16,694
Increase in accrued investment income				
receivable		(1,218)		(1,056)
Repayment of surplus to related parties		(2,135,157)		(966,041)
		(2,278,759)		(1,137,183)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES				
Net acquisitions of tangible capital assets		(808,309)		(12,821)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		70,244		9,987
		(738,065)		(2,834)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		247,551		8,512
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,153,691		2,145,179
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	2,401,242	\$	2,153,691
Represented by	¢	1,510,209	\$	351,353
Cash and cash equivalents – operating fund	\$	1,010,208	φ	JJ-1,JJJ
Cash and cash equivalents – operating fund –				1,123,105
restricted (note 3)		00.304		
Cash and cash equivalents – equipment reserve		90,304		18,444
Investment cash and cash equivalents – capital		900 730		660 700
reserve (note 5)		800,729		660,789
	\$	2,401,242	\$_	2,153,691

See accompanying notes to financial statements. •

For the year ended March 31, 2022

The Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority (the "Authority") was established through an intermunicipal services agreement by the Municipality of the County of Kings and the Towns of Berwick, Kentville, Middleton, Annapolis Royal and Wolfville (the "Municipal Parties"). It was created for the purpose of managing all solid waste resources in the Valley Region.

The percentage of contributions by each municipal party are based on population and uniform assessment. The following table summarizes each municipal parties' percentage of interest for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	. 2021
Municipality of the County of Kings	74.56%	74.69%
Town of Kentville	10.05%	9.99%
Town of Wolfville	8.31%	8.24%
Town of Berwick	3.53%	3.53%
Town of Middleton	2.50%	2.51%
Town of Annapolis Royal	1.05%	1.04%

The Authority is required under its surplus disbursement policy to redistribute any surplus operating funds to its municipal parties unless the board permits the retention of the surplus by motion and likewise the municipal parties are required to fund any operating deficits. The Authority's annual surplus payable to the municipal parties is detailed in note 8.

1. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

As described above, the Authority is an inter-municipal service corporation dependent on funding from its municipal parties so its ability to continue as a viable operation is dependent on maintaining this funding.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of presentation

These financial statements of the Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority have been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

(b) Basis of fund accounting

These financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, changes in fund balances and changes in financial position of the reporting entity. Interfund and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated. The funds are:

- General Operating Fund
- Capital Reserve Fund
- Equipment Reserve Fund

For the year ended March 31, 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, balances with financial institutions and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash is disclosed in note 3.

(e) Interest capitalization

The Authority does not capitalize interest costs associated with the acquisition or construction of tangible capital assets.

(f) Fund accounting

The resources and operations of the Authority are comprised of the general operating, capital reserve and equipment reserve funds. Transfers between funds are recorded as adjustments to the appropriate fund balance.

(g) Municipal transfers

Municipal transfers and Divert NS funding are recognized in the financial statements when the transfer is authorized and eligibility criteria have been met except, when and to the extent stipulations by the transferor gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Stipulations by the transferor may require the funds be used only for providing specific services or the acquisition of tangible capital assets. For transfers with stipulations an equivalent amount of revenue is recognized as the liability is settled.

(h) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty actual results will differ from those estimates.

The Authority is exposed to uncertainty with estimates involved in the Municipality of the District of Chester's surplus calculation as described in note 10 (a).

For the year ended March 31, 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Financial instruments

All financial instruments are measured using either the amortized cost method or the fair value method. Financial instruments included in the amortized cost category are initially recorded at fair market value and subsequently recorded at either cost or amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Transaction costs are included in the initial cost of financial instruments recognized using the cost method.

Financial instruments included in the fair value category are initially recorded at fair value with each subsequent change in fair value recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until such time that the financial instrument is unrecognized. When the financial instrument is unrecognized the accumulated remeasurement gain or loss is reversed and recognized on the statement of operations. Transaction costs associated with financial instruments in the fair value category are expensed when incurred.

Accounts receivable, trade payables, accrued liabilities, surplus payable to municipal parties, and term financing are recorded using the cost method. Cash and portfolio investments are recorded using the fair value method utilizing quoted prices in active markets to determine the fair value.

(j) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the operating surplus or deficit, the net remeasurement gains or losses, and transfers with the municipal parties provides for the change in net financial debt for the year.

(k) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, development, installation or betterment of the assets. The cost, less residual value of the tangible capital assets, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, as disclosed in Note 9. Amortization is calculated at one-half the annual rate in the years of acquisition and disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for use.

Impairment of tangible capital assets

Service producing tangible capital assets are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate there is a change in their ability to provide future services. An impairment loss is recognized on service providing assets when the asset no longer contributes to the Authority's ability to provide services resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its future service potential.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income producing tangible capital assets are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

(m) Revenue recognition

The east and west management centre revenues are made up of tipping fees, scale rentals, the sale of materials such as metals, and other miscellaneous revenues. Tipping fees are recognized as revenues as solid waste is dropped off at either management centre. Scale rental revenues are recognized as the scales are used by the leasee. The sale of materials is recognized as revenues when the materials are received by the purchaser.

3. RESTRICTED CASH

Cash has been internally restricted as security for the fiscal 2019 surplus retained from the municipal parties, as disclosed in Note 8. The funds were held in an interest-bearing account at a financial institution. Any interest earned on the funds was payable to the municipal parties. The 2019 surplus was repaid during the year; the funds are no longer restricted or held in an interest-bearing account.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2022	2021
Tipping fees and other trade receivables Municipal party receivables (note 11) Chester landfill net operating receivable Divert NS receivable Public service bodies' rebate receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 385,927 863 5,219 25,248 139,005 (27,845)	\$ 380,032 1,283,929 450,048 25,423 128,361 (9,658)
	\$ 528,417	\$ 2,258,135

For the year ended March 31, 2022

5. PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

	2022	2021
Investments, at cost	\$ 1,181,573	\$ 1,008,340
Accrued investment income ,	4,119	2,901
Accumulated remeasurement gains	145,831	132,245
	1,331,523	1,143,486
Investment cash and cash equivalents	800,729	660,789
	\$ 2,132,252	\$ 1,804,275

6. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

As at March 31, 2022, the Authority had an available, non-revolving, bridge loan A in the amount of \$670,920 of which \$393,576 (2021 - \$18,470) has been drawn down on. Repayable in monthly payments of interest only. The bridge loan bears interest at the bank's prime rate minus 0.75% per annum, is secured by a security agreement granting a first security in all present and after acquired personal property, and is guaranteed by the following municipal partners with supporting corporate or other resolution in an amount that is limited to the following:

•			
The Municipality of the County of Kings			\$ 501,110
· Town of Kentville			67,025
Town of Wolfville			55,284
Town of Berwick			23,683
Town of Middleton	4	,	16,840
Town of Annapolis Royal			6,978

Other security includes a Temporary Borrowing Resolution with Ministerial Approval.

As at March 31, 2022, the Authority had an available, non-revolving, bridge loan B in the amount of \$950,750 of which \$291,301 (2021 - \$Nil) has been drawn down on. Repayable in monthly payments of interest only. The bridge loan bears interest at the bank's prime rate minus 0.75% per annum, is secured by a security agreement granting a first security in all present and after acquired personal property, and is guaranteed by the following municipal partners with supporting corporate or other resolution in an amount that is limited to the following:

The Municipality of the County of Kings	\$	708,879
Town of Kentville		95,550
Town of Wolfville		79,007
Town of Berwick		33,562
Town of Middleton		23,769
Town of Annapolis Royal	•	9,983

Other security includes a Temporary Borrowing Resolution with Ministerial Approval.

The prime rate of interest as at March 31, 2022 was 2.7%.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

7. TERM FINANCING

	·	2022		2021
Municipality of the County of Kings - 4.00% term loan amortized				
to and maturing in April 2023, repayable in equal annual instalments of principal and interest of \$14,605.	\$	28,626	\$	42,105
Municipal Finance Corporation				
Debenture 36-A-1, matured in May 2021 and refinanced through debenture 41-A-1 in the amount of \$462,731.		· -		534,973
Debenture 37-A-1, amortized and maturing in November 2027, repayable in equal annual instalments of \$133,034 plus interest paid semi-annually at rates varying from 2.13% to 3.07%.				
Secured by a guarantee from the municipal parties as detailed below.		798,198		931,231
Debenture 38-A-1, amortized to and maturing in May 2028, repayable in equal annual instalments of principal of \$96,038 plus interest to May 2023 and \$18,273 plus interest thereafter. Interest rates vary from 2.37% to 3.30%. Secured by a		202 425	-	270 472
guarantee from the municipal parties as detailed below.		283,435		379,473
Debenture 39-A-1, amortized and maturing in May 2022, repayable in equal annual instalments of \$23,236 plus interest paid semi-annually at rates varying from 1.95% to 2.04%. Secured by a guarantee from the municipal parties as detailed				
below.		23,236	•	46,471
Debenture 41-A-1, amortized and maturing in May 2036 repayable In equal annual installments of \$35,943 until May 2026 and \$28,301 until May 2036, plus interest paid semi-annually at varying				
rates from .40% to 2.81%. Secured by a guarantee from the municipal parties as detailed below.		462,731		· <u>-</u>
	\$	1,596,226	\$	1,934,253
Principal payments required in each of the next five years on debt held	as a	t March 31, 202	2 are	as follows:
2023			\$	302,281
2024			Ψ	279,609
2025		4		187,250
2026				187,250
2027				187,252
Thereafter				452,584
Total			\$	1,596,226

For the year ended March 31, 2022

7. TERM FINANCING (CONTINUED)

The outstanding debentures are guaranteed in the following proportions by the municipal parties:

	37-A-1	38-A-1	39-A-1	41 - A-1
Municipality of the County of Kings	58.14%	74.71%	74.71%	74.56%
Municipality of the County of Annapolis	20.71	-	_	_
Town of Kentville	7.84	9.95	9.95	10.05
Town of Wolfville	6.46	8.26	8.26	8.31
Town of Berwick	2.74	3.53	3.53	3.53
Town of Middleton	2.00	2.55	2.55	2.50
Municipality of the District of West Hants	1.33		_	_
Town of Annapolis Royal	0.79	1.00	1.00	1.05
	•			

The Authority also has access to a credit card with a limit of \$20,000 bearing interest at 19.99%. At March 31, 2022 this credit card had a balance of \$3,400 (2021 - \$3,779).

8. SURPLUS PAYABLE TO THE MUNICIPAL PARTIES

For the purpose of the Authority's surplus disbursement policy, the operating fund surplus owing to the municipal parties is calculated as follows:

	2022	2021
Annual surplus	\$. 366,694	\$ 1,024,243
Add amortization of tangible capital assets	553,254	514,133
Less:		
Principal repayment of debts	(338,027)	(343,657)
Capital reserve fund transfer	(285,795)	(144,754)
Unfinanced capital asset acquisition	(8,152)	_ `
Surplus of the capital and equipment reserve funds	(99,145)	(23,255)
Annual surplus payable to the municipal parties	188,829	1,026,710
Interest earned on restricted cash (note 3)	-	14,660
Retention of prior period surplus	- -	1,108,445
Total surplus payable to municipal parties	\$ 188,829	\$ 2,149,815

In unusual or extenuating circumstances, the Authority's operating surplus/deficit policy allows it to retain its annual surplus when it is in the best interest of the Authority and a motion is passed with a majority vote. If the Authority retains the surplus in a subsequent fiscal year, the retention must be reapproved. When a surplus is retained, the funds cannot be used for normal operational or capital expenditures.

Valley Region Solid Waste-Resource Management Authority Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

9. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

			COST			ACCUMULAT	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	NO		NET BOOK VALUE	< VALUE	
	Rafe		Additions			Additions						
	(in years)	Opening	(Disposals)	Ending	Opening	(Disposals)	Amortization	Ę	Ending	2022		2021
Land		0	•	40000		. 6	e	6	er.	252 907	69	252.907
Eastern management centre		\$ 252,907	1	/06'767	I	ı) ~)	•	1	+	(1)
Western management centre		41,246	ı	41,246	1	ı			ı	41,246		41,240
Buildings			-									
Contom management centre	25	3 869 180		3.869.180	3,244,026	ı	153,236	90	3,397,262	471,918	•	625,154
Motor monocomost contro	5 K	2 678 148	130,660	2,808,808	2,290,367	1	109,739	<u>6</u>	2,400,106	408,702		387,781
Vestern management centre	27 25	2,073,145) } }	2 033 005	690,705	ľ	81,320	02	772,025	1,260,980	_	,342,300
Administration Dunding	2 2	284.130		284 139	75 892	ı	11,900	8	87,792	196,347		208,247
Cart storage building	3 -	200,100	097.75	77 586	16.477	•	7 959	6	24.436	53.130		6,620
Computer system upgrade	ດ <u>ເ</u>	780,62	04,400	326,45	377 501	1	22,0	7,	125 140	101 505		124,169
Scales	OL	C+0,077	1	220,043	102,470				000	2027		0.083
Seasonal drop off bins	10	114,117	(100,143)	13,974	105,034	۰	/8£,r	76	0,288	000'/		9,000
I Hilihy frailer	10	12.114	(12,114)	1	12,114	(12,114)			ı	ı		ı
		69 627		69.627	69,627		•		69,627			1
Single Williams	5 5	7 138	,	5 138	2,826	1	αí	514	3,340	1,798		2,312
Signage	2 5	7 043 763	2.014	1 016 777	818 181	(81215)	69.834	74	806,800	209,977		195,582
Lucks	5 5	767 687	185 011	943 598	577 529	(352,101)	62,036	92	287,464	656,134		180,158
Loader	2 6	707.6	- 10.00	3 202	1 778		, 2	203	1,981	1,726		1,929
Ketaining walls	0 4	107,0		134 878	121.366	1	3.861		125,227	9,651		13,512
Compaction equipment	01	070,450	I	0.00, 10.0	757 240	1	28 591	. 2	185 840	385,976		414.567
Wind turbine	20	5/1,816	ı	91.9'1./6	15/,74%		, no.		2,0	0.00		· •
Capital works in progress	ı	I	686	626	l	I	I		ı	9 9 9		l
			000		0 205 677	(EAE 573)	\$ 552 25A	\$	8 293 328 \$	4 060 622	69	3.805.567
		\$ 12,091,214	\$ 262,736	4 12,333,930	١	9	9		l	١	l	

For the year ended March 31, 2022

10. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The Authority has entered into the following long-term agreements to meet their mandate of providing solid waste management services to residents of the municipal parties:

(a) Disposal of residual solid waste

The Authority has entered into a twenty-year contract, expiring March 31, 2036, with the Municipality of the District of Chester (the "Municipality") for the disposal of residual solid waste at its Kaizer Meadow landfill. The contract stipulates the Authority shall pay a per tonne tipping fee in an amount equal to the Authority's proportionate share of the net per tonne operating cost of the landfill's operations. These per tonne operating costs include an allowance for the closure and post-closure costs associated with the landfill. During the year, the Authority paid \$1,662,838 (2021 - \$1,759,865) in tipping fees to the Municipality.

It is the responsibility of the Municipality to maintain a landfill closure reserve to fund the landfill closure and post-closure liabilities, although deficiencies in the Municipality's landfill reserves could result in an increase in the Authority's future cost of tipping fees.

The Authority shares in the surpluses and deficits of the landfill, based on its proportional share of the operating costs. If landfill revenues exceed the actual net operating costs (surplus), then the Municipality shall reimburse the Authority for its portion of the surplus. If there was a short fall of revenues to cover the actual net operating costs (deficit), then the Authority shall reimburse the Municipality for its proportional share of the deficit. The calculation of the surplus or deficit has a high degree of estimate uncertainty due to large fluctuations in the Municipality's landfill's closure and post-closure liabilities.

(b) Collection and transportation of source separated solid waste

The Authority has entered into a five-year contract for the collection and transportation of source separated solid waste. The contract includes the monthly cost of curbside collection and transportation and the per tonne cost of spring and fall clean up and leaf collection. The contract expires on March 31, 2025. For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Authority paid \$2,397,447 (2021 - \$2,102,259) in relation to this contract. The amounts reported are net of HST rebates.

(c) Organics composting

The Authority has entered into an eleven-year contract for the composting of organic solid waste collected through its source separated curbside program and requires for all organics to be sent exclusively to this contractor. The contract is set to expire March 31, 2029, subject to a per tonne price review for year six (6) of the contract, pursuant to the terms of the agreement. For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Authority paid \$977,903 (2021 - \$778,793) in relation to this contract. The amounts reported are net of HST rebates.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

10. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Recyclables processing

The Authority has entered into a ten-year contract for the processing of recyclable solid waste at the eastern and western management centres. This contract is set to expire on March 31, 2028. For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Authority paid \$699,323 (2021 - \$547,901) in relation to this contract. The amounts reported are net of HST rebates.

(e) Transportation of source separated solid waste

The Authority has entered into a five-year contract for the transportation of source separated solid waste. The contract includes the per tonne cost of transporting compacted solid waste from the eastern and western management centres and expires on March 31, 2025. For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Authority paid \$572,026 (2021 - \$402,768) in relation to this contract. The amounts reported are net of HST rebates.

11. RELATED PARTY BALANCES & TRANSACTIONS

Included in revenues for the current period are \$6,219,900 (2021 - \$6,130,233) of contributions and \$7,673 (2021 - \$43,686) of tipping fees from controlling entities. The contributions and sales were in the normal course of operations and measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

At the end of the year, included in accounts receivable are amounts due from related parties as follows:

The Municipality of the County of Kings	\$	38
Town of Berwick		78
Town of Kentville		37
Town of Wolfville		2
Total amounts due from related parties	\$	86
At the end of the year, included in accounts payable and accrued	liabilities are amounts due	
At the end of the year, included in accounts payable and accrued	liabilities are amounts due	
At the end of the year, included in accounts payable and accrued parties as follows: The Municipality of the County of Kings Town of Kentville	liabilities are amounts due	

For the year ended March 31, 2022

12. NET CHANGE IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL BALANCES RELATED TO OPERATIONS

	` _	2022		2021
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:			•	٠
Accounts receivable	. \$	1,729,718	\$	(688,682)
Trade payables		490,443		480,349
Accrued liabilities		(171,099)		(9,503)
Accrued employee liabilities		78,498		33,294
Prepaid expenses		4,662		(13,220)
	\$	2,132,222	\$	(197,762)

13. BUDGET INFORMATION

The Authority's budget is prepared on a break-even basis even though the statement of operations and accumulated surplus reflect a budgeted surplus. This is due to certain budgeted items that are not presented on the statement of operations and accumulated surplus. These budgeted items are as follows:

	:	2022	 2021
Term financing principal repayments Transfers to the capital reserve fund	\$	338,027 285,795	\$ 343,657 264,359
	\$	623,822	\$ 608,016

The budget figures presented are for comparison purposes and are unaudited.

14. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED RESERVE FUNDS

Capital reserve fund

The Authority has committed to fund a capital reserve for the purpose of financing future significant repairs or replacement of the eastern and western management centres, as agreed to by the municipal parties. This agreement stipulates estimated annual contributions from 2011 to 2025. The estimated contributions over the next three years are as follows:

2023 2024 2025		\$ 259,374 285,311 313,842

For the year ended March 31, 2022

14. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED RESERVE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The capital reserve fund agreement outlines contributions to continue through to 2025 with an annual increase of 10%. The capital reserve fund cash is restricted for this purpose. The funds in the capital reserve are held in an interest-bearing account with the CIBC and in investments with Scotia Wealth Management.

Equipment reserve fund

The Authority has established an equipment reserve fund for the purpose of financing the cost of future equipment replacements. The reserve is funded by proceeds from the sale of surplus equipment. There are no budgeted annual transfers to the equipment reserve fund. The funds are held in an interest-bearing account with the CIBC.

15. PENSION

Certain employees of the Authority are members of the Municipality of the County of Kings defined contribution pension plan. The Authority matches employee contributions equal to 8% of gross wages to the pension plan. During the year, the Authority contributed \$112,240 (2021 - \$109,549) to the pension plan.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following are the significant risks the Authority is exposed to through its financial instruments:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Authority's main credit risks relate to its tipping fees and other trade receivables. In order to reduce its credit risk, the Authority has adopted credit policies which include credit checks on specified customers.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Authority's portfolio investments in publicly traded securities expose the Authority to market risk as such investments are subject to price changes in the open market.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Authority will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities as they become due. The Authority is exposed to liquidity risks mainly from its trade payables and surplus payable to the municipal parties. The Authority's ability to meet its obligations depends on the receipt of funds whether in the form of revenue, advances from municipal parties and the deferral of the surplus payable.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

17. CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

	2022	2021
Debt financing costs	\$ 52,925	\$ 88,651
Office, supplies and other operating	898,120	907,599
Professional services	86,358	160,996
Salaries, wages and benefits	2,251,351	1,774,897
Significant contract services	6,643,016	5,666,136
Utilities	71,241	61,286
	10,003,011	8,659,565
Amortization of tangible capital assets	553,254	514,133
Total expenditures	\$ 10,556,265	\$ 9,173,698

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On May 5, 2022, the authority signed a new debenture (42-A-1) issued by the Nova Scotia Municipal Finance Corporation which was received on May 17, 2022. The debenture has a principal value of \$805,271 and matures in May, 2037, repayable in annual instalments of \$88,396 plus interest until May 2027, \$63,947 plus interest until May 2032 and \$8,711 plus interest thereafter. Interest rates vary from 2.58% to 4.12%. Secured by a guarantee from the municipal parties.

Principal payments required in each of the next five years on debenture 42-A-1 are as follow:

2023	•		\$	_
2023			Ψ	00 306
			,	88,396
2025		:		88,396
2026				88,396
2027				88,396
Thereafter	•			451,687
Total			\$	805,271

19. COVID-19

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization characterized the outbreak of the strain of the novel coronavirus ("Covid-19") as a pandemic which has resulted in a series of public health and emergency measures that have been put in place to combat the spread of the virus, including the announcement of a state of emergency in the Province of Nova Scotia on March 22, 2020. As of the date of issuing the financial statements, the ongoing duration and impact of COVID-19 is unknown and it is not possible to reliably estimate the impact the length and severity of these developments will have on the financial results and condition of the Authority in future fiscal years.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

20. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	General Operating Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	quipment Reserve Fund	Investment in Capital Assets	2022 Total	202 Tot	
Opening balance Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 88,828 820,803	\$ 1,665,420 28,479	\$ 18,444 70,666	\$ 1,874,821 (553,254)	\$ 3,647,513 366,694	\$ 3,649,98 1,024,24	
Surplus payable to the municipal parties	(188,829)	—	_	-	(188,829)	(1,026,71	10)
Purchase of unfinanced capital assets	(8,152)		(8,300)	16,452	-	_	
Repayment of term financing	(338,027)	-	_	338,027	· · · -	_	
Interfund transfers	(285,795)	293,959	9,694	(17,858)	_	_	
Closing balance	\$ 88,828	\$ 1,987,858	\$ 90,504	\$ 1,658,188	\$ 3,825,378	\$ 3,647,51	13

21. REMUNERATION

Pursuant to the Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act, the Company is required to disclose individuals with compensation greater than \$100,000. These individuals are as follows:

	2022	2021			
General Manager, Andrew Wort	\$ 122,820	\$ 119,479			